



Mr. Brian O'Malley, Central Votes Expenditure Policy Division, Department of Public Expenditure and Reform, Government Buildings, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin 2, D02 R583.

21 December 2020.

Re: Glashaboy River Flood Defence Scheme, Glanmire, Co. Cork and Ministerial Consent under Arterial Drainage Acts 1945, 1995 and EIA ADA Regulations 2019

Dear Mr. O'Malley,

I refer to your letter of 14 December 2020 to John Martin in connection with the above flood relief scheme and Ministerial Consent under the Arterial Drainage Acts, 1945 and 1995 together with the EIA ADA Regulations 2019.

On behalf of the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland, I can confirm that the Commissioners will comply by the conditions set out in summary Appendix 1 below and in the detailed report from the consultants appointed by the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform for this purpose.

I further understand that the next step will be for the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform to finalise the arrangements for the formal Confirmation of the Scheme, inform the public of the decision in the local media and on the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform's website.

I look forward to receipt of the final Confirmation Order.

Yours sincerely,

John Curtin,

Director of Flood Risk Management

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS IN IRELAND



Appendix - Conditions for Glashaboy River Flood Relief Scheme

The Department of Public Expenditure and Reform has examined the Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIAR) and Natura Impact Statement (NIS) of the proposed scheme in accordance with the requirements of the European Union (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Arterial Drainage) Regulations 2019.

Background

An EIAR and NIS has been carried by the Commissioners of Public Works for the Scheme in accordance with the Arterial Drainage Acts, 1945 and 1995 as amended by: by the European Union (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Arterial Drainage) Regulations 2019, herein known as the "Acts".

The EIAR process included consultations with statutory authorities and a public exhibition by the OPW under the Arterial Drainage Acts, from 21st November 2016 to 20th December 2016

Independent Assessment under the "Acts".

This evaluation by DPER consisted of an impartial assessment conducted by independent consultants CAAS Itd with appropriate expertise in this area.

The consultants were tasked with undertaking an evaluation of the EIAR and NIS that were produced for the Glashaboy Flood Relief Scheme. The purpose of the EIAR and NIS Evaluation Reports are to inform the Minister of Public Expenditure and Reform in consenting to the Glashaboy River Flood Relief Scheme in accordance with the Acts.

Appropriate Assessment

The Department, having taken account of the independent assessment, considers that the EIAR and NIS submitted complies with the requirements of regulations in that it contains all the information specified and is presented in a comprehensive and adequate manner. The document identifies and describes the likely significant direct and indirect effects of the proposed scheme on the existing environment and comments on the interaction of these.

The EIAR sets out specific mitigation measures to offset and reduce potential environmental and natural impacts and reaches adequate and formulated conclusions with regard to residual impacts.

However, based on the expert recommendations of CAAS Ltd, the Department considers that a number of additional conditions should be attached to the decision to confirm the Scheme. The purpose of these conditions is to avoid, reduce and if possible to offset any major adverse effects (if any) of the proposed Scheme.



Decision

The Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform can confirm the Glashaboy scheme subject to the conditions set out below in relation to the appropriate assessment of both the EIAR and NIS.

The Commissioners are requested to reply in writing confirming that these conditions will be complied with.

It is important to note that these are conditions in addition to those mitigation measures outlined in the various documents already submitted to the Department during the project application process:

Conditions applying to the decision to confirm the scheme

1. The scheme shall be carried out in its entirety in accordance with all the plans, particulars, specifications, undertakings (both commitments and recommendations) including those contained in the Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIAR), Natura Impact Statement (NIS) and in the supplementary information including the Response to Request for Supplementary Information document and addenda to the EIAR and NIS, save as may be required by other conditions attached hereto.

Reason: To ensure that the development shall be carried out in accordance with the Confirmation Order and that effective control can be maintained.

2. An Environmental Monitoring Group (EMG) shall be established prior to commencement of the works and shall be in place for the full duration of scheme construction including the period of implementation of all construction stage mitigation measures. The EMG shall include representatives of the Office of Public Works, Cork County and City Councils. All updates to the CEMP will be subject to review and formal written agreement by the lead EMG representatives. The EMG shall review all environmental audit results and ensure that remedial actions are agreed and implemented to address any environmental compliance issues on a timely basis. It shall also ensure that environmental impacts during construction of the scheme are managed as required by this order and do not exceed the envelope of effects predicted in the EIAR and NIS including their addenda.

Reason: In the interests of environmental protection and compliance.

3. The frequency of Environmental Audits shall be monthly, at least. This frequency shall be reviewed by the EMG and increased, if required, during periods of elevated potential for impacts or in response to frequency or extent of any emerging compliance issues.

Reason: In the interests of environmental protection and compliance.

4. The EMG shall monitor liaison with relevant statutory authorities regarding aspects of construction affecting specific environmental factors, as relevant to each authority.



These authorities shall include the Environment, Heritage and Planning sections of Cork County and City Councils, Inland Fisheries Ireland (IFI), the National Monuments Service and the National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS) sections of the Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage

Reason: In the interests of environmental protection and compliance.

5. A Communication Plan shall be prepared and agreed with the EMG. This plan shall provide for the presentation of clear information on scheduled works along with obligations set out in the EIAR and NIS and proposals in the CEMP. It shall also provide for access to the full Schedule of Mitigation Measures, CEMP and Environmental Audits. It shall specify the format of environmental audit presentation to include summaries and to ensure that the information is readily accessibility. This information shall be made publicly available through the project Extranet or equivalent, as well as by any other means agreed with the Councils, such as newsletters for public distribution. The EMG shall monitor adherence to the communication plan.

Reason: In the interests of making information on upcoming and ongoing works, and on environmental compliance, freely available to interested parties.

6. Following completion of the construction phase of the scheme all maintenance works shall be subject to further environmental assessment and compliance requirements as required to ensure ongoing compliance with all applicable statutory guidance and all relevant environmental legislation. This will include, but not be limited to, compliance with the mitigation measures set out in the EIAR and NIS, to ensure the maintenance works are consistent with the predicted envelope of environmental effects, as assessed during the DPER consent process.

Reason: In the interests of clarity and the amelioration of environmental impacts.