

An Roinn Caiteachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe Department of Public Expenditure and Reform

Infrastructure investment in an era of uncertainty

Conference on public investment governance, reform and innovation

#PERInfraConf



Challenges, Causes, Cures of Major Project Management

Bent Flyvbjerg, University of Oxford

#PERInfraConf, Dublin, 31 January 2020



Nearly 40% of Ireland's Economic Activity Takes Place in Projects



Sources: Makroökonomische Vermessung der Projekttätigkeit in Deutschland, GMP 2015; OECD Stats; own analysis © Bent Flyvbjerg



Why Major Projects Are So Appealing





Dublin's New Children Hospital



Cost increase from EUR 670m to EUR 1.7bn

Delayed from 2020 opening to 2023



Dublin Port Tunnel (1989-2005)



161% cost overrun in real terms



Newbridge Bypass (1989-1994)





The Iron Law of Megaprojects

(A statistical, not a deterministic, law)





How Do We Explain the Iron Law?



Your biggest risk is you!!



Risk Is Internal, Not External

- Conventional wisdom sees causes of risk as mainly external to programs
 This is wrong!
- The root cause of risk is internal. It consists in the way leaders systematically misconceive of risk

Complete change in perspective





Example: Cost Overrun

- Cost overrun is not caused by scope changes, geology, complexity, etc. (external causes)
- Cost overrun is caused by cost underestimation, i.e., by not taking into account risks of scope changes, geology, complexity, etc. (internal cause)





Root Causes of Poor Delivery

1.Psychological bias

2. Political bias





Reference Class Forecasting

- 1. Identify relevant **reference class** of past, similar projects (minimum 15-25 projects)
- 2. Establish **probability distribution** for the selected reference class
- 3. Compare specific project with distribution, in order to establish **most likely outcome**





RCF Example: HK Express Rail Link, XRL

- 26km Hong Kong Section of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link
- Fully underground, including largest high-speed rail terminus ever built
- 2000: project outlined in rail development plan
- 2008: planning started
- 2009: alignment authorized
- 2010: construction started, planned opening mid-2015
- 2014-15: reprogramming, planned opening end-2017
- A clear case of optimism bias!





RCF Example: Are XRL's Cost and Schedule Estimates Realistic?

Situation XRL, at break

Irrecoverability of delays acknowledged in 2014 New timeline, 2014

- Opening moved from December 2015 to
 October 2017
- Increase of +54%

New budget, 2014

- Increased from HKD 65B to HKD 71.5B (USD 9.2B)
- Increase of +10%

Reference Class Forecast

Reference Class (189 projects)

- 39 high-speed rail projects
- 38 tunnelling projects
- 112 urban heavy rail projects

Schedule and cost overruns are common

- Schedule overrun on average +43%, 7 out of 10 projects
- Cost overruns on average +42%, 8 out of 10 of projects

Forecast adjusted to estimate risks of the remainder of the works, from 2014

Results

Revised schedule is P70

- Not P90 as planners claimed
- 30% risk that opening date will not be met

Revised budget is P30

- Not P90 as planners claimed
- Remaining contingency funds too low
- Revised budget has a risk of 67% of being insufficient

Optimism still remained in 2014 revised schedule and budget – 2015 development proved 2014 RCF right!



RCF Provides You With A Probabilistic Risk Estimate





How to Get Costs, Schedules and Benefits Right

- Our advice: When making a decision, use all available distributional information about outcomes
- Kahneman: "This may be considered the single most important piece of advice regarding how to increase accuracy in forecasting"
 - Thinking, Fast and Slow, 2011, p. 251





Our Methods and "Unknown Unknowns"

- Our methods are the only ones we know that take into account "unknown unknowns"
- How? By incorporating in the reference class ALL effects on performance, including "unknown unknowns"





Three Steps to Project Success







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Ireland's National Roads Programme. Transport Infrastructure Ireland

31/01/2020



Agenda

- Partnership
- Context
- Evolution of TII Cost Estimation Processes
- De- Risking the Roads Programme.
- Measuring Cost Performance
- Realisation of Benefits
- The value of data
- Enhancing Processes
- Why Bother?



PARTNERSHIP WITH LOCAL AUTHORITIES





- Local authorities are the road authorities for all roads including national roads.
- Generally, TII's national roads functions discharged through local authorities except for PPP roads and motorway service areas
- TII supports and works closely with a network of eleven local authority National Roads Offices .
- The delivery of the Roads Programme depends on this partnership.











Evolution of TII Cost Estimation Processes

- Experienced Cost Management expertise
- Outturn Cost Data Captured and Analysed Centrally
- Use of "Benchmarking"
- Centralised Cost Rates Database
- Clear, uncomplicated cost forecasting approach (7 headings, single budget sheet)

SCHEME NAME			NRA Ref.	NRA	~	
Road Authority			Project Status	Region		
Mainline Scheme Length	Cross Section	Current Date				
Grade Separated Junctions	No. of Bridges	Start Year		Completion Year		
Total Land Acquired (ha)		Terrain	Groun	d Conditions		

Base Cost Expenditure Heading	Base Cost (Inclusive of Total Risk)	Current Risk Allocation to TC	Un-inflated Target Cost	Un-Inflated Target Cost Profile						
				Pre2011	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Post2015
Main Contract Construction (incl VAT)		To Ave last						1		
Employer Risks on Construction									-	and the second
Main Contract Supervision										
Employer Risks on Supervision						-				
Archaeology		Section of the								1
Pre-construction Archaeological Risks										
Advance Works & Other Contracts			-							
Residual network										19972
Land & Property		11. 200.00								195-5
Land Issues Risks										1.000
Planning & Design (incl GI & Topo) Employer Risks on Planning & Design										
Subtotal (Excl Inflation & Programme Risk)										

Target Cost With Inflation		Inflation	nflation ocated to rget Cost Inflation	Target Cost With Inflation Profile						
	Un-inflated Target Cost	Allocated to Target Cost		Pre2011	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Post201
in Contract Construction										
In Contract Supervision										
chaeology All Phases										
vance Works										
sidual network										
nd & Property										
anning & Design (incl Gi & Topo)										
Target Cost Totals										
TARGET COST		Cost / km								



 Advance Archaeology Resolution





• Advance works





 IFA Agreement – early access to site







• Design & Build Contract Forms





• Standardisation & Efficiencies





National Roads Project Management Guidelines

> Headquarters St. Martin's House, Waterloo Road, Dublin 4, www.nra.je, Tel 01 660 2511, Fax 01 668 0009



Measuring Cost performance


Measuring Cost performance



Figure 4.6 Cost performance of projects through time according to the Decision to Build Year (N=85)



Measuring Cost performance

 Analysis of data and outcomes

Analysis of Portfolio Cost Overruns

Baseline	Measure	Cost Overrun
TC1	Mean	-6%
TC1	Median	-8%
TC3	Mean	-3%
TC3	Median	-2%

Realisation of Benefits

Fatal Road Traffic Collisions on National Roads (2005 – 2019)



Note: In 2019 there were 51 fatal road traffic collisions resulting in 53 fatalities on national roads.

Realisation of Benefits

Journey Time Reduction



Realisation of Benefits



Impact of the Major Interurban Investment

Development of the motorways facilitated growth in bus and coach operations and improved service levels

- Growth of the motorway network = Growth in Bus Services
- Provided Competitive and reliable journey times
- > In 2017 some 195 million passenger trips were made by bus or coach.
- equating to 70% of all public transport trips.
- Most bus services use National Roads in part of their journey.

Corridor	Commercially Operated Routes	Bus Eireann PSO Routes	Dublin Bus PSO Routes	Total
M1	34	2	6	42
M2	2	4		6
M3	3	9	1	13
M4	14	3	7	24
N7	16	4	2	22
M11	10	1	3	14
Total	79	23	19	121



The value of data

• Use of centrally held data to identify reference class

		Of Wh	nich	Contains Motorway, Dual	Value Dange		
	Total number of Projects	Maior Projects	Minor Projects	& Single Carriageway	value	value hange	
		major riojeete		Schemes	High (€m)	Low (€m)	
TC1 Reference Class	40	21	19		391	2	
TC3 Reference Class	50	36	14		400	2	

The value of data

 Analysis of data and outcomes

Mainline road length.

The association between length of the mainline (in km) and cost overruns (excluding contingencies, real terms) is not statistically significant for overruns measured based on the TC1 baseline (p=0.62) or the TC3 baseline (p=0.88).

Thus scheme length is not a factor by which the RCF should be split.



The value of data

• Analysis of data and outcomes

Does spending more on Planning & Design reduce cost overrun?

The model analyzed whether spending more on advance works, supervision, planning & design led to smaller cost overruns. The only statistically significant association is between planning & design and cost overrun (p=0.01). **The more projects spend on planning and design as a share of the total actual cost, the lower the cost overrun.**



Enhancing processes

 Update to Cost Management





Enhancing processes

 Implementation of Reference Class Forecasting for National Roads















Supplementary Slides



Reference Class Forecasting (RCF): What is it?

WHAT IS REFERENCE CLASS FORECASTING

- RCF is a forecasting technique that can be used in conjunction with, or as a substitution to other traditional forecasting techniques such as regression analysis
- Instead of making predictions about the case at hand, RCF builds classes of similar cases about which we already know the outcomes, RCF then uses those classes to make more accurate predictions of performance, including costs and benefits forecasts as well as completion times

KEY ISSUES WITH COMMON APPROACHES	RCF BENEFITS
Predictors adopt an inside-view, which tries to extrapolate future performance based on current trends	 Introduces an unbiased, outside view, ignoring the details of the case at hand
Predictions are overly optimistic, overestimating benefits, underestimating costs and completion times	 Reduces human error and judgement Provides a prediction of success or failure based on similar real-world cases

WHO USES RCF

- RCF was developed from the work of Amos Tversky and Nobel Prize Daniel Kahneman in 1979
- It has been endorsed by the American Planning Association
- RCF is used by U.K., Hong Kong and Australian governments for large infrastructure projects
- It is also used by investment banks as well as consulting firms to make predictions in large infrastructure projects, IT Projects, M&A and market entry decisions



Inaccurate forecasts often come from the use of an "Inside View"

THE INSIDE VIEW

- When making prediction about a case at hand, e.g. estimating costs, revenues and completion time, we tend to focus only on the case at hand, disregarding information about past projects for which the outcomes are known
- We focus on the resources needed to bring the project alive as well as obstacle to its completion
- The inside view is the natural approach in making forecasts
- This leads to a series of cognitive biases

COGNITIVE BIASES ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSIDE VIEW

- Cognitive biases are systematic errors in thinking
 processes
- Some of these cognitive biases are
 - **1. Planning fallacy**: the tendency to underestimate the duration and cost of an endeavour
 - 2. Optimism bias: the tendency to be overly optimistic when making predictions
 - **3. Over confidence**: the tendency of decision makers to overestimate their abilities
 - 4. Anchoring bias: the tendency to rely heavily on the first prediction or even random numbers in subsequent predictions



Reference Class Forecasting overcomes the drawbacks of the Inside View by adopting the so-called "Outside View"

THE OUTSIDE VIEW

- The Outside View provides solutions to the problems of the Inside View
- Ignores the specific knowledge that you have to the inner workings of your case and looks at the case from an unbiased perspective

HOW THE OUTSIDE VIEW WORKS

- Ignores the details of the case at hand and makes no attempt to forecast the outcome of the case
- Focuses on the statistics of a class of cases chosen to be similar in relevant respects to the case at hand
- Requires deliberate intentions to compare the case at hand to outcomes of previous cases
- Minimizes the adverse impact of cognitive biases



Reference Class Forecasting follows a three step process

Create a reference class	Identify the best approach to use to build the predictions	Construct predictions
 Can be built with limited data and cases from other industries Should include both successful and unsuccessful cases across various industries Reference class should share key characteristics to the case at hand These key characteristics should be driven by theoretical and empirical 	 This step can take various approaches, with different levels of complexity, including 1. Identifying the values of the parameter that is to be forecasted 2. Building a probability distribution for the parameter that is to be forecasted 	 Depending on the approach used in the previous step: 1. Use the average of the parameter to make predictions about the case at hand 2. Places the project at hand in a statistical distribution of outcomes from the class of reference projecs
studies on what is likely to work in that type of projects (e.g. M&As are likely to succeed when they are mergers of equals, when the companies are culturally similar, etc.)	 Building similarity weights that will assess to what extent the cases in the reference class are similar to the case at hand Estimations should be performed by 	 3. If you have built similarity weights, apply weights to reference cases based on similarity to the current case Compare the predictions from RCF to the predictions of the inside view

Bonneagar lompair Éireann

unbiased experts and not the analysts who build the reference

class



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The Norwegian scheme for quality assurance of major public investments

Jonas Toxvig Sørensen, Budget Department

January 2020, Dublin



Challenges with major public investment projects

Public project failure

- Huge cost
- overruns
- Benefits not realized
- Poor planning and management

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Quality assurance scheme introduced in 2000

Solution

- *Ministry of Finance* takes a strong role
- External reviews by independant consultants
- Final *decisions by cabinet,* not line ministries

The Norwegian quality assurance scheme

History and coverage

- QA scheme established and managed since 2000 by the Ministry of Finance
- All state investments > 100 million euros

Agreement with seven independent consultancy groups who conduct the QAs

Reports submitted to Ministry of Finance and line ministries

350 QAs have been carried out since 2000

• Transport-infrastructure projects represent more than half of the projects



The Norwegian QA scheme: a detailed overview



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Realistic and reasonably cost controll over time

Study	Number of projects	Deviation from P50	Deviation from P85	Share below P50	Share below P85
Aas (2013)	40	+2,1 %	-7,6 %	45 %	80 %
Welde (2014)	51	+6,0 %	-4,4 %	45 %	75 %
Welde (2015)	66	+2,8 %	-6,9 %	48 %	79 %
Welde (2017)	78	+2,3 %	-6,9 %	48 %	77 %
Welde et al. (2019)	85	+3,4 %	-5,6 %	40 %	73 %

The main challenge is that costs increase from QA1 to QA2

Change in project cost in different phases



- Concept (2016): Costs have increased with 40 % in 14 projects from QA1 to QA2
- Menon (2015): Costs increased with 67 % in 4 construction projects from QA1 to QA2
- National Transport plan: Cost increased with 42 % for roads and 26 % for railways

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Measures taken to improve management and cost control in the pre-project phase, from QA1 to QA2:

- 1. Requirement to log changes in the project
 - Line Ministry have to consider the importance of the changes and if it require a new Government decision.
 - The log of changes need to be presented at QA2 to explain how the projects have developed.
- 2. A budget target equal to P50 at QA1 measuring cost development between QA1 and QA2
- 3. From September 2019 the QA2 will include an update of the CBA

The Concept research program

- Research programme financed by the Ministry of Finance
- Relevant research, guidelines and information
- Evaluation and research on large public investments
- Research results are published
- International symposium every second year
- More information: <u>http://www.ntnu.no/concept</u>

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Back-up



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Cases









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- Norway plans an acquisition of up to 52 F-35 fighters a key procurement for the Norwegian Armed Forces
- QA report estimated the cost to 7 bn euros
- The project is on time and budget
- Tromsø 2018 application for Norway hosting Winter Olympics
- QA report estimated the cost to 2 bn euros
- The application was not submitted to the IOC
- The European Railway Traffic Management System (ERTMS) is a major industrial project
- The largest ongoing ICT-project in Norway
- The project is on time and budget
- ✤ QA1 road in the mountains Rv 15 Strynefjell
- Planned cost 4 bn kroner
- ✤ The project was not prioritized











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GOVERNANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE: LESSONS LEARNED FROM OECD COUNTRIES

Ana María Ruiz Rivadeneira Infrastructure and Procurement Division

Conference on public investment governance, reform and innovation Dublin, 31 January, 2020





Governance matters for quality infrastructure and to increase financing from the private sector

- Better governance will improve return on public investment but also draw in more private financing for infrastructure
- Governance failures inhibit the delivery of high-quality infrastructure
- Citizens are concerned that their perspective is not (or not visibly) taken into account
- Investors (particularly long-term investors) expect government to be a competent and reliable partner and to promote a stable business climate for investment as well as a bankable pipeline of projects





Most infrastructure investment is delivered through public procurement

Share of PPPs in total public sector infrastructure investment





Most infrastructure investment is financed by public funds

Private and total investment in road and rail infrastructure in OECD* countries (millions of USD, 2005 price)



Note: * Due to incomplete data on total investment, Greece was excluded from this overview.

Source: Dealogic Projectware database, OECD/ITF statistics.



OECD Framework for the Governance of Infrastructure: Getting Infrastructure Right



- ✓ Ten dimensions or "success factors"
- Policy options to identify an enabling environment
- Building on several OECD instruments

STRATEGIC VISION AND PLANNING	ENABLING FRAMEWORK	AFFORDABILITY, FINANCING AND VALUE FOR MONEY	LIFE-CYCLE PERSPECTIVE
VisionDeliveryCoordination	IntegrityRegulationConsultation	Affordability and value for moneyData	Performance Resilience


Rationale for updating the Framework

- Raises the Framework to a whole-of-government level and increases its impact and relevance
- Includes elements that were missing or not fully highlighted in the Framework
- Takes into account work done by different policy communities, new recommendations and lessons learned
- Ensures synergies with the OECD Horizontal Project on Strategic Policies for Sustainable Infrastructure
- Ensure a strong support its implementation as well as a periodic review to ensure that it remains relevant, including possibly by:
 - ✓ Developing and using indicators; and
 - Using the draft Recommendation as a benchmark to support country and regional reform programmes



Elements that were missing or not fully highlighted in the framework

Strategic Vision

- National and subnational perspective
- Infrastructure needs assessment
- Impact of technology
- Fiscally sustainable
- Political consensus
- Environment, gender equality, sustainable development and growth considerations
- Robust institutional framework

Efficient and Effective Procurement

- Competitive, transparent and efficient procurement processes
- Risk-based approach
- Contractors' transparency and accountability
- Integration into public finance management, capital budgeting and service delivery
- Attractive, merit-based career options for officials

Stakeholder Engagement

- Proactive measures to disseminate information
- Disciplined, upfront stakeholder mapping
- Collaboration during all phases of the project life-cycle
- Debate on the main economic, environmental and social impacts



Elements that were missing or not fully highlighted in the framework

Fiscal Sustainability, affordability and VfM

- Fiscal sustainability
- Capital budgeting and MTEF
- Prioritisation and high investment thresholds for project evaluation
- Budget transparency and fiscal risks
- Risk management
- Economic, social, environmental and climate costs and benefits

Evidence-informed decision-making

- Institutional responsibility for analysis, dissemination, and learning of data
- Production of data at subnational scale
- Harnessing digital technologies and data analytics
- Data collection over the entire lifecycle

Asset performance throughout its life

- Life-cycle costs and asset quality
- Contractors' accountability
- Review of asset value and depreciation and impact in accounts
- End of PPP contracts and transition new arrangements







THANK YOU

Questions:

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Government Project Delivery Profession

Building project delivery capability

Fiona Spencer

Director, Profession & Standards Infrastructure and Projects Authority

Government Project Delivery Profession

The beginning



"Transforming project leadership: The Major Project Leadership Academy (MPLA) will train the senior leaders responsible for major projects.

In future only project leaders who have successfully completed this intensive development programme will be able to lead a major government project.

The MPLA will drive a better understanding of the role of leadership, technical delivery skills and commercial capability in delivery of major projects, building the project and programme management community across Government." (*Civil Service Reform Plan 2011*)

Extending the offer...









Federated Academies & other targeted programmes

'C-suite' (DGs & CEOs) Major project leaders (SROs & PDs) Project leaders SROs, PDs, PfMs)

Range of targeted programmes for new & aspiring leaders

Building the profession



Standards



Cross-Government recruitment



Capability framework





Talent management

Growing early talent



More support for project leaders



- World class development for 2000+ project leaders
- Clear improvements in leadership retention and capability
- 3rd most popular graduate scheme in government
- Surge of interest in project delivery as a profession

- Accreditation linked to skills, experience and CPD at all professional levels
- Core skills development and curriculum refresh
- Extending the focus to wider public sector
- Working with the supply chain

What we've learnt

- Building capability takes time
- Make it aspirational
- Look in different places
- Make it matter
- Think about the pipeline



Government Project Delivery Profession

Government Project Delivery Profession



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Ireland: More bang for the buck by strengthening Public Investment Management

INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT IN AN ERA OF UNCERTAINTY

> DUBLIN, IRELAND JANUARY 31, 2020

Carolina Renteria Fiscal Affairs Department

Outline of Presentation

- Investment Needs & The Public Investment Management Assessment (PIMA)
- IMF's Commitment to Infrastructure Governance
 - Regional Networks
 - Infrastructure Governance Facility
- Ireland's PIMA guiding the reform agenda
 - Main Findings
 - Recommendations

Some Good Practices for Public Investment

Public investment is an important catalyst for economic growth



Source: IMF Staff estimates.

For investment to convert to better outcomes, it needs to be done well

Large public investment efficiency gaps both across and within different income groups

Public Capital Stock and Infrastructure Quality



Efficient investors get twice the economic dividend compared to least efficient investors

Profile of output impact of a 1% of GDP increase in public investment by efficiency group



Source. IMF Staff estimates.

Improvements in public investment management (PIM) needed to reap full benefits of scale up of investment

Empirical studies underscore the importance of fiscal institutions for public investment efficiency, hence for growth.

Differences in the efficiency of public investment across countries partly reflect differences in the relative strength of PIM institutions

"Investing in investing"—or strengthening public investment management—will yield an even higher growth "bang" for the investment "buck.



IMF's Public Investment Management Assessment (PIMA) thoroughly assesses country systems



The IMF has a strong commitment to Infrastructure Governance

The IMF has intensified its work on Infrastructure Governance in recent years:

- ✓ Two Board Papers (2015 and 2018) to establish and update the PIMA Framework
- Conducting Capacity Development with over 60 PIMA, 20 PFRAM, more than 10 regional workshops and 55 follow up activities (since 2015)
- Contributing to international fora based on these experiences (G20, regional seminars, etc.)



Enabling peer-to-peer exchange of best practices

The European Infrastructure Governance Regional Network was formally proposed in November 2019, with support from 12 member countries.

The Regional Network will enable seamless exchange of best practices in Infrastructure Governance as well as a medium for future collaboration

Ireland: a leader in the group



This site serves as the primary location for knowledge sharing of best practices in infrastructure governance. This regional network aims at enabling practitioners to share documents, data, methodologies and experiences to help strengthen the institutions of infrastructure governance and to catalyze economic growth both in their home countries and within their region.

Date: 2019-11-15 Location: Slovenia

Resources

Infrastructure Governance will continue to be a strategic priority

The IMF, with support from Japan, has established a Infrastructure Governance Facility

The new Facility seeks to:

- Improve infrastructure governance awareness
- Improve investment efficiency via improved governance
- Be a platform for peer to peer learning \checkmark
- Promote investment spending in line with debt sustainability
- Mobilize donor support for infrastructure projects \checkmark



DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP

Ireland's PIMA Main Findings (Summer 2017)



Opportunities to close the gap between de jure (design) and de facto (effectiveness)

Ireland's PIMA: Main Findings

Planning Phase

- Fiscal rules support public capital formation and PCs are well-regulated with relatively strong PIM practices
- Weaknesses revolve around various sector strategies with low coordination, weak results frameworks and limited cost estimates
- Spending on PPPs should be brought more firmly within the fiscal envelope

Allocation Phase

- Multi-year budgeting implementation has improved allocation of project resources
- Planning process is inadequately linked to funding decisions
- Project appraisal and selection would benefit from improved methodological rigor and learning across sectors

Implementation Phase

- Funding for ongoing projects remains stable under fiscal consolidation; good project management practices
- Need for stronger management of assets (including prioritizing maintenance spending)

Ireland's PIMA: Timely and Practical Recommendations

Planning Sustainable Levels of Investment

- Improve linkages between planning and budgetary decision-making and across planning exercises
- Management of PPPs

Allocating Investment

- Appraisal of investment projects
- Selection of investment projects
- Monitoring investment projects
- Budgeting maintenance of public assets

Implementing Investment

- Ex-post review of investment projects
- Monitoring of public assets

2.5 years later: Major reforms implemented and underway!

Many rowing together in the same direction!

Effectiveness – Data and Practices

Institution	Effectiveness Indicators (Examples)
2. National and Sectoral Planning	Quality and realism of plans, use of plans for decision-making, are plans outdated, coordination-complementaryty, linkage to budget process.
4. Project Appraisal	Pipeline of well designed and appraised projects, Quality of appraisals, methodologies, actual use for decision-making, number of exemptions.
5. Alternative Infrastructure Provision	Market shares private companies, number and volume of realized PPPs, SOE role in public infrastructure.
13. Portfolio Management and Oversight	Applied? Average cost overrun, average project delays, use of data for analysis, use of ex-post reviews
14. Management of Project Implementation	Consistency of project management, quality implementation plans, number project audits
15. Monitoring of Public Assets	Frequency of revaluation, use of asset registers for decision making, realism depreciation

Planning for sustainable levels of public investment

Institution 2: National and sectoral planning

Question	 Are investment allocation decisions based on sectoral and inter-sectoral strategies?
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Objective:

To assess whether national and sectoral plans help to ensure that public investment decisions are based on priorities, cost estimates, and clear/realistic goals for each sector

Country Examples – National and Sectoral Plans

Botswana - Botswana has several strong planning institutions—as reflected in the National Development Plan (NDP). The plan is in its 11th iteration and is valid for six years. NDP 11 is based on the government's 2036 strategic vision, includes six-year estimates per ministry and per project, and provides the basis for the total development budget.

Netherlands – Bureau of Economic Analysis provides independent assessment of all political programs prior to elections and assessment of government coalition program after elections.

Norway – National transport plan updated every four years. Provides estimates for next 20 years, within pre-determined fiscal framework. Detailed specification of planned projects, with initial costing, outputs and outcomes.

Planning for sustainable levels of public investment

Institution 4: Project Appraisal



Objective:

To ensure that all major projects are subject to rigorous technical, economic and financial analysis, and can demonstrate value-for-money

Country Examples – Project Appraisal

Canada: Detailed framework for project appraisals. Threshold is the same for all projects (Can\$50 million), except maintenance or improvement of transport infrastructure (Can\$100 million).

Chile - All investment initiatives financed by the government, regardless of the amount, are subject to technical and economic appraisal.

Korea: Projects are subject to scrutiny by independent agency. Different thresholds for central government and subnational projects (W50 billion vs. W30 billion).

Allocating Investment

Institution 10: Project Selection

Question • Are there institutions and procedures in place to guide project selection?

Objective:

To ensure that there is a project selection system in place, which ensures that investment projects:

- are systematically selected on the basis of transparent criteria
- are prioritized and included on a unique pipeline of approved projects

Country Examples – Project Selection

Colombia – All projects appraised are included in a dynamic portfolio of projects (IT system), following budget calendar prioritization by sector, strategic and technical validation by National Planning Department, fiscal sustainability checked by MoF, approval of annual investment plan by Cabinet

Norway – External quality assurance of choice of concept (EQ1) and detailed design (EQ2) before projects are select for implementation

UK – Gateway process establishes several milestones were projects are reviewed and assessed before moving to the next stage, and eventually to selection for funding
Delivering productive and durable public assets

Institution 13: Portfolio management and oversight

Question	 Is adequate oversight exercised over the implementation of the entire public investment portfolio?
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Objective:

To ensure that the financing and physical progress of major capital projects are monitored during their implementation, and are subject to ex post review

Country Examples – Portfolio Oversight

Malaysia - Central project monitoring unit with 23,000 staff under the Prime Minister's Department has an advanced IT system, SPP II, for monitoring the implementation of capital projects which are financed by budget. Line ministries and agencies update both project costs and physical progresses weekly, feeding into consolidated reports.

UK – Major projects portfolio. Regular delivery confidence assessment (DCA) for major projects, transparently reported on major projects website.

Delivering productive and durable public assets

Institution 14: Management of project implementation



Objective:

To ensure that an effective project management system is in place to monitor the execution of capital projects, as well as standardized procedures and guidelines to adjust projects if warranted

Country Examples – Project Management

Estonia - Responsibilities for project implementation are clearly assigned, and rules are in place for contract adjustments. Project implementation plans are prepared prior to approval, projects are actively managed, and audits focus on high risk projects.

Slovakia – All major projects (mainly EU financed) are centrally monitored, funds can be re-allocated between projects, and systematic ex-post review exist for EU financed projects.

Delivering productive and durable public assets

Institution 15: Monitoring of public assets

uestion	 Is the value of public assets properly accounted for and reported in financial statements?
---------	--

Objective:

To ensure that assets are properly recorded and reported, and their depreciation is recognized in the government's financial statements

Country Examples – Monitoring of Assets

Estonia - Monitoring, valuation and control of assets is robustly implemented, driven by the accrual accounting framework. System for asset management exists, and assets are included in financial statements.

Indonesia – Registration of fixed assets is comprehensive and timely, and data are used in financial statements. Asset management data are reliable and adequate

Mongolia – Government has established institutions for monitoring public assets, with most nonfinancial assets reported in the balance sheet. Comprehensive asset surveys are regularly conducted every 4 years.

www.imf.org/publicinvestment

https://www.imfigeur.org/



Thank You



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The Implementation of PIMA Recommendations in Ireland

Fionn Jenkinson Investment Projects and Programmes Office January 2020 Context: Ireland's public investment has been historically volatile but the state has consistently delivered major infrastructure



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PIMA part of the evidence base developed for Project Ireland 2040

Ireland

Assessment

FINDINGS:

- Ireland has relatively strong infrastructure, with some sectoral weaknesses.
- Management of public investment is generally good, but with scope for improvement.
- □ Relatively low headline efficiency of public investment.

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Coordination and Oversight

PIMA: Integrate the spatial, sectoral and 10-year capital funding plans and integrate planning strategies vertically and horizontally

- Project Ireland 2040 sets out a clear long-term spatial strategy backed by investment of €116 billion over the 10 years to 2027.
- Cascades into RSESs, development plans, and also forthcoming sectoral strategies such as PLUTO, IDA strategy etc.

PIMA: Establish an Infrastructure Projects Unit within DPER

- Investment Projects and Programmes Office
 - Project Ireland 2040 Delivery Board
 - Monitoring investment and capacity
 - Supporting value-for-money
 - Proactive communications





Monitoring Implementation

PIMA: Further develop the Capital Tracker database

- Investment Projects Tracker published for the first time in 2017 and updated in 2018.
- MyProjectIreland mapping tool went live in May 2019.
 Available on gov.ie/2040 information on over 600 projects and programmes.
- The latest iteration of the Investment Tracker was published on 7th January 2020.
 - Cost range
 - Stage of project lifecycle
 - Estimated commencement and completion dates
- Monitoring of the construction sector also taking place.

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Project Selection



PIMA: Introduce a more structured quality-at-entry process, and align critical decision points with the business case

Updated Public Spending Code published Q4 2019

- Provides greater clarity on roles and responsibilities;
- Introduction of formal Decision Gates 0-3
- IPPO acts as objective reviewer for projects over €100 million



Project Appraisal

PIMA: Harmonize, update and extend appraisal methodologies

- Updated technical parameters published Q3 2019
 - Social Discount Rate, Shadow Price of Public Funds, Shadow Price of Labour, Shadow Price of Carbon
- Updated Public Spending Code published Q4 2019
 - Strengthen the existing guidance to better align with the realities of project delivery
 - Focus on gaining a more developed view of costs, risks and timeframes before committing to proceed with a project
 - Increase transparency through publication of business cases and evaluation reports.
- Additional work required to develop asset register and sharpen the focus in the budget process on the level of spending required to maintain infrastructure.







Rialtas na hÉireann Government of Ireland



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Reforming Investment Management in Ireland – What's Next?

Ciara Morgan Investment Projects and Programmes Office 31st January 2020

Public Spending Code

□ Alignment of Sector Specific Guidance.

Support implementation of strengthened guidance

- awareness raising
- spot checks
- lessons learned (library of business cases and ex post evaluations)



Public Spending Code

□ Evolving programme of further reform including:

- Economic Appraisal guidance
- Financial Appraisal guidance
- Programme Appraisal Guidance
- Development of Templates



Governance of Major Projects

- Arrangements for assurance of major projects are in development.
- Informed by international best practice.
- Project and programme assurance including
 - robustness of planned delivery,
 - □ accuracy of cost forecasts,
 - *consideration of risk,*
 - □ appropriateness of procurement strategies.
- □ Independent external review of projects over €100m at key stages.
- Operational in 2020.





Monitoring the Investment Pipeline



- Investment Projects and Programmes Tracker
 - Plan to move to more regular updates of pipeline
 - Aim for more granular information on project timelines and status
 - Develop a new system for gathering and analysing data, e.g. online portal



What's Next



- Common analytical framework on estimating demand pressures and infrastructure gaps.
- Investment alignment.
- Alignment with core national policies, in particular the Climate Action Plan.





Rialtas na hÉireann Government of Ireland

Ireland: Summary of Recommendations

Legend	
Complete	
In progress	
Planned	
No progress	

PIM Phase	Recommendation	Progress
Planning Sustainable Levels of Investment	Integrate spatial, sectoral and capital funding plans	Complete
	Integrate planning strategies	In progress
	Common analytical framework for demand pressures and	Planned
	infrastructure gaps	
	Standard presentation of detail of investment projects	Planned
	Establish IPPO	Complete
	Total capital cost of PPP scored against Capital Envelopes	Complete
	Raising the bar for PPPs through public sector benchmark	No progress
	PPP Annex to Budget documentation	Complete
	Publish PPP CBAs	In progress
	Publish Ex Post Reviews of PPP	In progress
Allocating Investment	Develop Capital Tracker	Complete
	Further develop the Capital Tracker	In progress
	Increased allocation for maintenance	Planned
	Greater consideration of maintenance in Budget	Planned
	allocations	
	Reinforce appraisal of investment projects	Complete
	Publish project assessments	In progress
	Update PSC – strengthen appraisal methodologies, align	In progress
	it, make it more accessible	
	Strengthen rules and guidance on appraisal	In progress
	methodologies	-
	Develop sector specific methodologies	In progress
	More structured quality at entry process involving three	Complete
	Align critical decision points with the husiness case	Complete
	assessments	compiete
	Closely correlate surety of funding with the maturity of	Complete
	the business case	
	IPPO to design the business case model and act as an	Complete
	objective reviewer	
Implementing	Strengthen and publish ex post assessments of projects	In progress
Investment		
	Encourage the C&AG to carry out performance audits of major projects	No progress
	Biennial summary of lessons learned from largest	Planned
	projects	
	Central Register of Infrastructure Assets	Planned



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Modernising Construction

Investment Projects and Programmes Office January 2020

Context: Growing demand, falling employment, stagnant productivity **Investment in Building Construction Employment** Labour Productivity Index and Construction (**'000s**) (2010 = 100)(€billion) Domestic Dominated Public Sector Construction Private Sector 2020(f) 2022 (f) 2024 (f) 2012 2018 *All Data from CSO. Investment measured as total GFCF.

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Modernising Construction Using Modern Methods of Construction As A Change Agent for A New Industrial Strategy: A UK Case Study

Mark Farmer CEO, Cast Consultancy & UK Government MMC Champion

Project Ireland 2040 Conference Dublin, 31st January 2020

"INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT IN AN AGE OF UNCERTAINTY"

THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY AS A MEANS OF PRODUCTION IS A MAJOR PART OF THAT UNCERTAINTY

WE URGENTLY NEED TO RETHINK HOW WE BUILD





A REMINDER:

WHY THE 'MODERNISE OR DIE' CHALLENGE?



Time to decide the industry's future

We Have Declining Structural Resiliency in UK Construction



Cast

And It's Clearly Mirrored in Ireland

Chart 1: Employment relative to 2007 Average: Construction and Non-Construction



initiative will see students completing work

Cast

Source: CSO.

strongly.

THE BASIC PRODUCTIVTY CONUNDRUM IS NOW COMPOUNDED BY INCREASINGLY POOR PERFORMANCE



Media & Public Discontent with Construction Performance is Now Increasingly Visible


Leading To Growing Industry Fragility & Concern From Those That Fund It....





Discontent from the Public at Large - Mainstream & Social Media Attention is Creating Unprecedented Reputational & Brand Risks for Developers & Housing Associations



The UK Homebuilding Sector Is Particularly In The Eye Of A Storm

Opinion The FT View (+ Add to myFT)

Persimmon report shows capitalism at its worst

The housebuilding industry needs to rediscover its sense of purpose







Builder Persimmon lacks minimum house standards, report finds

O 17 December 2019







The Grenfell Tower Tragedy Has Rightly Taken This Debate To A New Level

THE IRISH TIMES

Wed, Jan 29, 2020 HOME » IRELAND

SPORT	BUSINESS	OPINION	LIFE & STYLE	CULTURE

Ireland) Irish News

NEWS

Developer lobbies against 'onerous' apartment fire-safety standards

Hines claims new regulations could add €11,000 to construction cost of each flat

O Mon, Nov 4, 2019, 02:33

Jack Horgan-Jones, Niamh Towey



Hines is behind the redevelopment of the former Central Bank building on Dame Street. Image: Google Street View

A major property developer has lobbied against the introduction of new firesafety standards, arguing they are "over(ly) onerous" and will "have a negative



By Vivienne Clarke



Lessons learned following the Grenfell Tower fire in London have not filtered into Ireland according to Professor Orla Hegarty of the school of architecture in University College Dublin.



Quantity and Quality Have Rarely Coincided in Homebuilding – Societally Led Change Is Now Forcing UK Politicians To Force UK To Do Things Differently

Why foundations of our building regulations are THE IRISH TIMES weak as ever



f Facebook	🛫 Twitter	📀 Messenger	in LinkedIn	(C) WhatsApp	+ More
Man day Marcal	- 04 2010 42	00.444	*		

Monday, November 04, 2019 - 12:00 AM The case of Larkfield House exposed current building rules as little better than u:

Michael Clifford



Dublin



Housing the dominant issue in seven-way general election debate

SF leader McDonald critical of FG, FF and Labour for ruling out coalition with her party

@ Mon, Jan 27, 2020, 22:48 Updated: Tue, Jan 28, 2020, 00:21

Fiach Kelly



environment

#AskYourCandidate #GE2020

Wednesday 29 January 2020

Wed Jan 29, 2020

W Business Property & Mor

Tough new energy ratings expected to increase construction cost of residential properties by up to 4pc



ock photo: PA

🔘 IGBC

Iohn Mulligan У 🛛 January 7 2020 13:30 PM

ough new energy ratings are expected to raise the construction cost of residential coperties by up to 4pc, according to estate agency Lisney.

he new Near Zero Energy Buildings regulations mean that new homes will be rated A2 opposed to the A3 rating that had been imposed on new domestic dwellings.



Structural Changes In Other Sectors Could Further Accelerate External Disruption In Construction As Manufacturing Supply Chain & Tech IP Diversifies Into The Sector

Car sales fall in UK with industry's worst September since financial crisis

Amazon build prefab smart homes with integrated Alexa to

Consumer uncertaint lead to 20% fall, says



Toyota to build prototype city of the future in Japan

Jane Lanhee Lee, David Shepardson

3 MIN READ

LAS VEGAS (Reuters) - Toyota Motor Corp (7203.T) said on Monday it planned to build a prototype "city of the future" at the base of Japan's Mt. Fuji, powered by hydrogen fuel cells and functioning as a laboratory for autonomous cars, "smart homes," artificial intelligence and other technologies.

New Land Rovers on a transporter lorry. Photograph: Alamy



SHARE THE LOVE

SO WHAT IS UK GOVERNMENT DOING & WHY IS CENTRAL & REGIONAL GOVERNMENT POLICY SO IMPORTANT?



UK Government Has Finally Recognised The Importance of Construction In Achieving Its Political Ambitions & A Move Towards MMC Is Central To That

Ireland to unveil bold plan to tackle climate emergency

Varadkar reveals ideas to curb greenhouse gases and move towards net-zero carbon emissions by 2050



▲ Students in Dublin join a global protest in March for action to tackle climate change. Photograph: Niall Carson/PA



Home > Strategy > Priorities > A European Green Deal

A European Green Deal

Striving to be the first climate-neutral continent

e gas emissions by 2050, Emma vironment Agency said:



We Need To Get Our Definitions & Terminology Consistent – UK Government Has Formally Defined 'MMC'

Category **DEFINITIONS**

The term 'pre-manufacturing' encompasses processes executed away from final workface, including in remote factories, near site or on-site 'pop up' factories. The pass test is the application of a manufactured led fabrication or consolidation process in controlled conditions prior to final assembly / install. On-site 'workface factories' are included in Category 7).



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Independent report

Modern Methods of Construction working group: developing a definition framework

The Modern Methods of Construction (MMC) definition framework has been developed by a specialist sub-group of the MHCLG MMC cross industry working group.

Published 29 March 2019 From: Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

Documents

Modern Methods of Construction: introducing the MMC definition framework http://www.catkowsukary.com/upcontent/upleads/2019/03/H14C+Pad base_00/UK/FINAL_SECURE.pdf

> MODERN METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION

> INTRODUCING THE MMC DEFINITION FRAMEWORK



Significant Government R&D Funding Is Now Flowing





Building Evidence & Data – Traditional v MMC











Government Support To Build Market Confidence Via Homes England

Homes England

Research & Development Initiative

DRAFT CONSULTATION Modern Methods of Construction Pilot

September 2018

GOV.UK

Home > Housing, local and community > Housing

Press release

Homes England supports local authority deliver pilot MMC scheme

Homes England recognises the important role that modern methods of construction (MMC) have to play in delivering the homes that England needs.

Published 27 December 2018 From: <u>Homes England</u>



Homes England is encouraging partners to develop and use MMC through a range of initiatives and the provision of development finance.

One local authority is exploring the use of MMC to deliver homes for affordable rent through an innovative pilot scheme. Nuneaton and Bedworth Council (NBBC) has just completed its first modular build having securing £120,000 worth of funding from Homes England.





The UK's Cities & Devolved Authorities Are Now Also Identifying MMC As A Lever Of Local Industrial Strategy



Targeting more local homes - higher quality, lower carbon with new high productivity & technology led skills and associated inward investment



THE LAST 12 MONTHS HAS SEEN AN UNPRECEDENTED SHIFT IN UK ACTIVITY IN INDUSTRIALISED CONSTRUCTION



New International Players, New Capital, New Partnerships in MMC





True 21st Century Disruption Is Already Finally At The Door of The <u>Mainstream</u> UK Housebuilding & Contractor Sector – Strategic Shifts to Integrated Manufacturing



Mace unveils 'next generation' construction method

Countryside to open two more modular homes factories

Weston Logistics' new distribution & build-off-site centre is one of the most advanced in the UK construction industry



Barratt sets new MMC target after beating 2020 aims Kier predicts contractors will employ 'offsite managers'



Why Are UK Developers Engaging With MMC?









Percentage of participants

What do developers identify as barriers ?





And We Need To Better Enable Securitisation of Innovation

In response to market concern the MHCLG set up a:

Joint working group with lenders, valuers and the industry



t and accreditation





The 15th International Housing & Home Warranty Conference Croke Park, Dublin, Ireland 20 – 25 September, 2020







Initiatives Align To UK Post Election Priorities & Industrial Strategy – 'Levelling Up'





Scarborough

Flamborough Head

Grimsby / Sp

Cleethorpet

North

Louth

Bridlington

. Eastfield

. Driffield

Beverley.

Market

Rasen

Kingston

oupon Hull

deliver zero carbon homes, an industry worth £40 billion a year and create 80,000 new jobs.

Published 3 November 2019 From: Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government and The Rt Hon Esther McVey MP



GOV.UK

Press release

Search

Post Election Ministerial Interest in MMC is High







WE CAN DELIVER A NEW AGE OF HOMEBUILDING IN UK AND IN IRELAND TOO, BUT....

IT NEEDS STRONG & LONG TERM LEADERSHIP BY POLICY MAKERS & INDUSTRY COMBINED

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING







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Kathryn Meghen

CEO, Royal Institute of Architects

https://youtu.be/hVSt6BOnwyw

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Modernising Construction The public sector client's view

Office of Government Procurement January 2020



Perceptions of the sector THE IRISH TIMES

Wed, Jan 29, 2020



Celtic Tiger building defects 'widespread', says housing expert

Many apartment residents 'living with leaks, damp, structural and fire safety defects'

(2) Mon, Mar 4, 2019, 02:04

Jack Horgan-Jones





The Irish construction sector has experienced a few busy years now, with no immediate sign of let up. New projects and developments are visible all around Dublin, and in other areas of Ireland. The high level of construction activity, however, is now leading to disputes, as projects commenced in 2015 and later are now being completed. Notably, adjudication, which has applied to construction contracts and appointments entered into after 25 July 2016, is on the rise!

Irish Building, 25 March 2019





17 schools found to have structural defects that warrant works

Updated / Thursday, 1 Nov 2018 06:23



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RT€ News Sport Entertainment Business Lifestyle Culture Player TV Radio More News | Election 2020 Ireland World Business Politics Nuacht RTÉ Investigates Programmes

Sammon sub-contractors call for State to intervene in payments row

Updated / Tuesday, 24 Jul 2018 22:52



The collapse of Carillion lead to the liquidation of the Sammon construction firm







Client's experience of the construction process

Irish Water disputes €3.6m bill over construction delay

State agency claims 90-day delay to works on drainage project should cost only €180,000

O Tue, Nov 5, 2019, 15:51



Client's experience of the construction process

Kevin Street Garda station construction costs spark dispute

Office of Public Works at loggerheads with builder JJ Rhatigan over €3m extra charge

(Thu, Oct 10, 2019, 02:40

Jack Horgan-Jones





Industry's perception of the public sector client

Public building contracts 'unattractive' to architects

RIAI blames State bureaucracy, time frames, risk shifting and poor procurement skills

(2) Fri, Apr 12, 2019, 00:00

Jack Horgan-Jones



Industry's perception of the public sector client

The other key issue is the nature of public works contracts, which see the vast majority of risk carried by the party least able to manage it, namely the contractor.

Construction Magazine
Industry's perception of the public sector client



the "allocation of uncontrollable risks". He said the largest of the construction companies in Europe "cannot and will not take these risks". It was, he said, "the main issue facing the Irish Government from a procurement point of view and it must be addressed".

Irish Times, 19 July 2019



Summary

- Uncertain outcomes
- Difficult and complex processes
- Uncertain investment environment
- Unrealistic expectations
- Poor payment
- Questionable employment practices
- Poor understanding between the many actors of their various requirements
- Wasted resources



What steps can public sector clients take?

- Better understanding of the process
- Emphasis on risk management rather than simply transfer
- Greater engagement in the day to day management of projects
 - □ Setting minimum standards for information
 - □ Demanding high standards of performance
 - □ Greater collaboration
 - □ Insisting on BIM



What does a 'modern' industry mean to a client

Why should we care?

Potential to ensure State assets are:

- Better built
- Quicker delivery
- Greater certainty

and to deliver...

better working conditions, more diverse workforce, long term career stability with better opportunities



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Project Ireland 2040 Modernising Construction:

Skills

Dr. Róisín Murphy

Department of Public Expenditure and Reform Conference Central Bank of Ireland 31st January 2020

Dr. Roisin Murphy





Shortage of Construction Workers



O'Murchadha, E. and Murphy, R (2018) Trades and Apprenticeships Skills Survey: An Employers Perspective. Report undertaken on behalf of the Construction Industry Federation (CIF)

Murphy, R. (2018) Employment Opportunities and Future Skills Requirements for Surveying Professions 2018-2021. Report undertaken on behalf of the Society of Chartered Surveyors Ireland (SCSI)

Dr. Roisin Murphy

Labour Market Challenges





Skills for the future



Thank you

Dr. Roisin Murphy



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