Part I : Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Country
Phone

I.2. Certificate reference number

I.2.a. TRACES reference number :

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Country
Phone

I.6 Person responsible for the consignment in the EU

I.7.Country of origin, ISO code

I.8. Region of origin, Code

I.9. Country of destination ISO code

I.10. Region of destination Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address

I.12. Place of destination

I.13 Place of loading
Address

I.14 Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification::
Document:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU
Name BIP unit no.:

I.17. No.(s) of CITES

I.21 Temperature of products
Ambient ☐ Chilled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.20.Quantity

I.22. Total Number of Packages

I.23. Seal / Container No.

I.25. Commodity certified for:

I.26. For transit to 3rd Country by EU

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐
Definitive import ☐
Horses Re-entry ☐
Temporary admission horses ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodity

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. TRACES reference number

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I have read and understood Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council(1a) and in particular Article 8(c) and Article 8(d) and Article 10 thereof, and Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011(1b), and in particular Chapter IV of Annex XIII thereto, and certify that the blood or blood products of equidae described above:

II.1. consist of blood or blood products from equidae that satisfy the health requirements below;

II.2. consist exclusively of blood or blood products of equidae not intended for human or animal consumption;

II.3. have been obtained from animals that originate from the EU Member States or from a third country, territory or part thereof listed in the column 'third countries' lists' of row No 3 of Table 2 in Section 1 of Chapter II of Annex XIV to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders (Burkholderia mallei), equine encephalomyelitis (all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;

II.4. have been derived from blood from equidae, which was collected under the supervision of a veterinarian in slaughterhouses approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council(3), in slaughterhouses approved and supervised by the competent authority of the country of collection and in facilities approved and supervised by the competent authority of the country of collection for the purpose of collecting blood from equidae for the production of blood products for purposes other than feeding for farmed animals;

II.5. have been derived from blood which was collected from equidae:

II.5.1. which on inspection on the date of blood collection did not show clinical signs of any of the compulsorily notifiable diseases listed in Annex I to Council Directive 2009/156/EC(4), and of equine influenza, equine piroplasmosis, equine rhinopneumonitis and equine viral arteritis listed in point 4 of Article 1.2.3 of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), 2010 edition;

II.5.2. which have been kept for at least 30 days prior to the date of and during blood collection on holdings under veterinary supervision which were not subject to a prohibition order pursuant to Article 4(5) or restrictions for African horse sickness in accordance with Article 5 of Directive 2009/156/EC;

II.5.3. which had no contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons pursuant to Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC;

II.5.4. for which the period for the prohibition order referred to in points II.5.2. and II.5.3 has been determined as follows:

(2) either [not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered , in which case the period of prohibition must be at least:

- six months in the case of glanders (Burkholderia mallei), beginning on the date on which the equidae infected with the disease are slaughtered,
- six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type, including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae infected with the disease are slaughtered,
- in the case of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, and the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart,
- six months from the date of the last recorded case of vesicular stomatitis,
- one month from the date of the last recorded case of rabies,
- 15 days from the date of the last recorded case of anthrax;]

(2) or [all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises were disinfected, in which case the period of prohibition must be 30 days, beginning on the date on which the animals were slaughtered and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition shall be 15 days;]

II.6. blood products come from an establishment or plant approved or registered by the competent authority of the third country meeting the specific conditions set out in Article 23 or 24 of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009;

II.7. blood products have been produced from blood which fulfils the conditions referred in II.4 and II.5 and

(2) either [has been collected from equidae which have been kept for a period of at least three months, or since birth if less than three months old, prior to the date of collection on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of collection which during that period and the period of blood collection has been free of:

(a) African horse sickness for two years;

(b) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least two years;

(c) glanders

(2) either [for a period of three years;]

(2) or [for a period of six months where the animals have passed the post-mortem inspection for glanders in the slaughterhouse referred to in II.4, including a careful examination of mucous membranes from the trachea, larynx, nasal cavities and sinuses and their ramifications, after splitting the head in the median plane and excising the nasal septum;]

(d) in the case of blood products other than serum and plasma, vesicular stomatitis for six months;]

(2) or [has been subjected to at least one of the following treatments, followed by an effectiveness check, for the inactivation of possible causative pathogens for African horse sickness, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and glanders (Burkholderia mallei):

(2) either [heat treatment at a temperature of 65°C for at least three hours;]

(2) and/or [irradiation at 25 kGy by gamma rays;]

(2) and/or [change in pH to pH 5 for two hours;]

(2) and/or [heat treatment of at least 80°C throughout their substance;]]

II.8. all precautions have been taken to avoid contamination of the blood and blood products with pathogenic agents during production, handling and packaging;

II.9. blood and blood products were packed in sealed impermeable containers clearly labelled 'NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION' and bearing :

(a) in the case of blood, the approval number of the establishment of collection;

(b) in the case of blood products, the approval number of the establishment of production;

II.10. the products were stored in enclosed storage.

Notes

Part I:

- Box reference I.6: Person responsible for the consignment in the European Union: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity; it may be filled in if the certificate is for import commodity.
- Box reference I.11 and I.12: Approval number: the registration number of the establishment or plant, which has been issued by the competent authority.
- Box reference I.12: Place of destination: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity. The products in transit can only be stored in free zones, free warehouses and custom warehouses.
- Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the EU.
- Box I.19: use the appropriate Harmonized System (HS) code under the following heading: 30.02.

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. TRACES reference number

- Box reference I.23: for bulk containers, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) must be included.
- Box reference I.25: technical use: any use other than for animal consumption.
- Box reference I.26 and I.27: fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.
- Box reference I.28:
  - (a) Manufacturing plant:
    - (i) in the case of blood, provide the approval number of the registered establishment of collection.;
    - (ii) in the case of blood products, provide the approval number of the establishment of production
  - (b) Species: select amongst the following: Equus cabalus, Equus asinus, Equus cabalus*asinus.

Part II:

(1a) OJ L 300, 14.11.2009, p. 1.

(1b) OJ L 54, 26.2.2011, p. 1

(2) Delete as appropriate.

(3) OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 55.

(4) OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1.

- The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.
- Note for the person responsible for the consignment in the European Union: this certificate is only for veterinary purposes and must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.

Official veterinarian or official inspector

Name (in Capital): Qualification and title:

Local Veterinary Unit: LVU N°:

Date: Signature:

Stamp